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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/400,154	TAKIGUCHI ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Justin P. Misleh	2622			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHO WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failui Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATES as ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 Au</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>27 - 54</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>27 - 54</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Applicati	on Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) ⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ⊠ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of: 1. ☑ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
2) Notice 3) Information	et(s) te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) tr No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to Claims 27, 37, and 47 – 54 have been considered but are most in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. <u>Claims 27. 28, 30, 36, 37, 38, 40, and 46 54</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fukasaka et al. (EP 860 978 A2) in view of Endsley et al. (US 6,005,613).
- 4. For Claims 27 and 53, Fukasaka et al. disclose, as shown in figures 1-4 and as stated in columns 6 (lines 30-58), 7 (lines 1-16), 8 (lines 42-46), 10 (lines 10-20 and 52-58), and 11 (lines 1-5), an image input system, which includes an image input device (image sensing apparatus 101) having a plurality of operation modes (see column 10, lines 10-19) and a computer (201) having a plurality of software programs (application programs; also see column 10, lines 10-19) each corresponding to each of the plurality of operation modes of the image input device ("adding a function for initiating an application" program), comprising:

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a transmitting unit transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other in a case that said image device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned on (see below for explanation);

a receiving unit (expansion board 23) arranged in said computer (201) and adapted to receive the information indicating the operation mode set in said image input device (101); and a control unit adapted to select a software program, which corresponds to the operation mode set in said image input device, from a plurality of software programs and make start the selected software program (see explanation below).

Fukasaka et al. disclose, as stated in column 7 (lines 9-12), that an application program is automatically initiated, within the computer (201-204), by pressing a shutter button (11) on the image input device (101-104) without interfacing with the operator of the image input system. As stated in column 7 (lines 12-16), the predetermined application program, such as a TV conference application program or a TV phone application program, is executed in response to the operation of the image sensing apparatus (101-104) and may be stored in the hard disk (24) of the computer (201-204) or stored in a CD-ROM or other media (as stated in column 9, line 55- column 10, line 5). Also, as stated in column 10 (lines 10-19), in a case where buttons and switches, such as a power switch, a shutter button which has different operation levels (e.g. half-stroke and full-stroke), an automatic focusing button, a white balance button, and a zoom button, are provided in the image sensing apparatus (101-104), it is possible to add a function for initiating an application program by operating one of these buttons and switches or operating these buttons and switches in different combinations. Since each button or switch can

initiate an application program, each button or switch, on the image input device (101 - 104), is thought of by the Examiner as a separate operation mode, thereby the image input device has a plurality of operation modes.

However, while Fukasaka et al. disclose a transmitting unit transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other; Fukasaka et al. do not disclose the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off.

On the other hand, Endsley et al. also disclose a digital camera connected to a computer and application software in the computer for interacting the camera (see figures 1-3). However, Endsley et al. additionally teach that the camera (22) can be connected to the computer (12) via USB (42) in a case that the power of the camera (22) is turned off (see column 6, lines 40-46), wherein after the camera (22) is powered on (while still connected) communicating with the application software (see figure 3) in the computer (see column 6, lines 5-10). Therefore, Endsley et al. teach the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off, as claimed.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said

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image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off (as taught by Endsley et al.) in the image input system (disclosed by Fukasaka et al.) for the advantage of improving "the communication of mode information between a host computer and the camera" (see column 1, line 65 – column 2, line 3).

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- 5. As for Claims 28 and 38, Fukasaka et al. states, in column 6 (lines 46 49), that image signals are constantly transferred to the computer (201 204) from the image input device (101 104) where they are displayed on the display (23) until the shutter button (11) is depressed on the image input device (101 104) thereby initiating an application program to transfer a still image from the image input device (101 104) to the computer (201 204), also for display on the display (23). Therefore, Fukasaka et al. disclose wherein the operation modes of said image input device include at least an image sensing mode.
- 6. As for Claims 30 and 40, Fukasaka et al. states, in column 6 (lines 46 49), that image signals are constantly transferred to the computer (201 204) from the image input device (101 104) where they are displayed on the display (23) until the shutter button (11) is depressed on the image input device (101 104) thereby initiating an application program to transfer a still image from the image input device (101 104) to the computer (201 204), also for display on the display (23).

Therefore, Fukasaka et al. disclose wherein in the case that the operation mode of said image input device is the image sensing mode, said control unit selects an image sensing software and makes start the image sensing software, and the image sensing software displays a preview image and senses an image on said computer.

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7. As for Claims 36 and 46, while Fukasaka et al. disclose, as stated in column 10 (lines 10 – 19), an image input device having a plurality of operation modes, wherein buttons and switches such as a power switch, a shutter button which has different operation levels (e.g. half-stroke and full-stroke), an automatic focusing button, a white balance button, and a zoom button correspond to the plurality of operation modes, and a computer having a plurality of software programs, wherein the computer selects and starts at least a software program corresponding to an operation mode in response to the operation of the buttons and switches, Fukasaka et al. does not specifically disclose wherein the operation mode of said image input device is switched by a fixed switch or dial switch arranged on said image input device, or operation/setup menu in an LCD panel.

Since Applicant has not traversed the Examiner's assertion the common knowledge or well-known in the art statement in the respective claim rejections is taken to be admitted prior art. Therefore, Applicant admits that providing that the operation mode of said image input device is switched by a fixed switch or dial switch arranged on said image input device, or operation/setup menu in an LCD panel are well known and expected in the art.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have provided that the operation mode of said image input device is switched by a fixed switch or dial switch arranged on said image input device, or operation/setup menu in an LCD panel for the advantage of standardizing the operation of the device such that the device is not overly large.

8. For Claims 37 and 54, Fukasaka et al. disclose, as shown in figures 1-4 and as stated in columns 6 (lines 30-58), 7 (lines 1-16), 8 (lines 42-46), 10 (lines 10-20 and 52-58), and

selected software program (see explanation below).

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11 (lines 1-5), an image input system, which includes an image input device (image sensing apparatus 101) having a plurality of operation modes (see column 10, lines 10-19) and a computer (201) having a plurality of software programs (application programs; also see column 10, lines 10-19) each corresponding to each of the plurality of operation modes of the image input device ("adding a function for initiating an application" program), comprising:

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a transmitting unit that transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other in a case that said image device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned on (see below for explanation);

a receiving unit (expansion board 23) arranged in said computer (201) and adapted to receive the information indicating the operation mode set in said image input device (101); and a control unit adapted to select a software program, which corresponds to the operation mode set in said image input device, from a plurality of software programs and make start the

Fukasaka et al. disclose, as stated in column 7 (lines 9 - 12), that an application program is automatically initiated, within the computer (201 - 204), by pressing a shutter button (11) on the image input device (101 - 104) without interfacing with the operator of the image input system. As stated in column 7 (lines 12 - 16), the predetermined application program, such as a TV conference application program or a TV phone application program, is executed in response to the operation of the image sensing apparatus (101 - 104) and may be stored in the hard disk (24) of the computer (201 - 204) or stored in a CD-ROM or other media (as stated in column 9, line 55 - column 10, line 5). Also, as stated in column 10 (lines 10 - 19), in a case where

buttons and switches, such as a power switch, a shutter button which has different operation levels (e.g. half-stroke and full-stroke), an automatic focusing button, a white balance button, and a zoom button, are provided in the image sensing apparatus (101 - 104), it is possible to add a function for initiating an application program by operating one of these buttons and switches or operating these buttons and switches in different combinations. Since each button or switch can initiate an application program, each button or switch, on the image input device (101 - 104), is thought of by the Examiner as a separate operation mode, thereby the image input device has a plurality of operation modes.

Furthermore, Fukasaka et al. clearly disclose initiating a plurality of application programs corresponding to a plurality of operation modes; albeit, Fukasaka et al. do not disclose a single software program that initiates a plurality of modes corresponding to the plurality of operation modes.

Since Applicant has not traversed the Examiner's assertion the common knowledge or well-known in the art statement in the respective claim rejections is taken to be admitted prior art. Therefore, **Applicant admits** that providing a single software program that initiates a plurality of modes are well known and expected in the art.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included a single software program that initiates a plurality of modes corresponding to a plurality of functions into the image input system of Fukasaka et al. as a means to increase the efficiency of the image input system thereby reducing wasted user waiting times.

Finally, while Fukasaka et al. disclose a transmitting unit transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other; Fukasaka et al. do not disclose the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off.

On the other hand, Endsley et al. also disclose a digital camera connected to a computer and application software in the computer for interacting the camera (see figures 1-3). However, Endsley et al. additionally teach that the camera (22) can be connected to the computer (12) via USB (42) in a case that the power of the camera (22) is turned off (see column 6, lines 40-46), wherein after the camera (22) is powered on (while still connected) communicating with the application software (see figure 3) in the computer (see column 6, lines 5-10). Therefore, Endsley et al. teach the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off, as claimed.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off (as taught by Endsley et al.) in the image input system (disclosed by

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Fukasaka et al.) for the advantage of improving "the communication of mode information between a host computer and the camera" (see column 1, line 65 – column 2, line 3).

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9. For Claim 47, Fukasaka et al. disclose, as shown in figures 1 – 4 and as stated in columns 6 (lines 30 – 58), 7 (lines 1 – 16), 8 (lines 42 – 46), 10 (lines 10 – 20 and 52 – 58), and 11 (lines 1 – 5), a method of controlling an image input system, which includes an image input device (image sensing apparatus 101) having a plurality of operation modes (see column 10, lines 10 – 19) and a computer (201) having a plurality of software programs (application programs; also see column 10, lines 10 – 19) each corresponding to each of the plurality of operation modes of the image input device ("adding a function for initiating an application" program), comprising:

a transmitting step that transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other in a case that said image device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned on (see below for explanation);

a receiving step (expansion board 23) arranged in said computer (201) and adapted to receive the information indicating the operation mode set in said image input device (101); and a control step adapted to select a software program, which corresponds to the operation mode set in said image input device, from a plurality of software programs and make start the selected software program (see explanation below).

Fukasaka et al. disclose, as stated in column 7 (lines 9 - 12), that an application program is automatically initiated, within the computer (201 - 204), by pressing a shutter button (11) on the image input device (101 - 104) without interfacing with the operator of the image input system. As stated in column 7 (lines 12 - 16), the predetermined application program, such as a

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TV conference application program or a TV phone application program, is executed in response to the operation of the image sensing apparatus (101 - 104) and may be stored in the hard disk (24) of the computer (201 - 204) or stored in a CD-ROM or other media (as stated in column 9, line 55 – column 10, line 5). Also, as stated in column 10 (lines 10 - 19), in a case where buttons and switches, such as a power switch, a shutter button which has different operation levels (e.g. half-stroke and full-stroke), an automatic focusing button, a white balance button, and a zoom button, are provided in the image sensing apparatus (101 - 104), it is possible to add a function for initiating an application program by operating one of these buttons and switches or operating these buttons and switches in different combinations. Since each button or switch can initiate an application program, each button or switch, on the image input device (101 - 104), is thought of by the Examiner as a separate operation mode, thereby the image input device has a plurality of operation modes.

However, while Fukasaka et al. disclose a transmitting unit transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other; Fukasaka et al. do not disclose the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off.

On the other hand, Endsley et al. also disclose a digital camera connected to a computer and application software in the computer for interacting the camera (see figures 1 – 3).

However, Endsley et al. additionally teach that the camera (22) can be connected to the computer (12) via USB (42) in a case that the power of the camera (22) is turned off (see column 6, lines

40 - 46), wherein after the camera (22) is powered on (while still connected) communicating with the application software (see figure 3) in the computer (see column 6, lines 5 - 10). Therefore, Endsley et al. teach the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off, as claimed.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off (as taught by Endsley et al.) in the image input system (disclosed by Fukasaka et al.) for the advantage of improving "the communication of mode information between a host computer and the camera" (see column 1, line 65 – column 2, line 3).

10. For Claim 48, Fukasaka et al. disclose, as shown in figures 1-4 and as stated in columns 6 (lines 30-58), 7 (lines 1-16), 8 (lines 42-46), 10 (lines 10-20 and 52-58), and 11 (lines 1-5), a method of controlling an image input system, which includes an image input device (image sensing apparatus 101) having a plurality of operation modes (see column 10, lines 10-19) and a computer (201) having a plurality of software programs (application programs; also see column 10, lines 10-19) each corresponding to each of the plurality of operation modes of the image input device ("adding a function for initiating an application" program), comprising:

a transmitting step that transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected

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with each other in a case that said image device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned on (see below for explanation);

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a receiving step (expansion board 23) arranged in said computer (201) and adapted to receive the information indicating the operation mode set in said image input device (101); and a control step adapted to select a software program, which corresponds to the operation mode set in said image input device, from a plurality of software programs and make start the selected software program (see explanation below).

Fukasaka et al. disclose, as stated in column 7 (lines 9-12), that an application program is automatically initiated, within the computer (201-204), by pressing a shutter button (11) on the image input device (101-104) without interfacing with the operator of the image input system. As stated in column 7 (lines 12-16), the predetermined application program, such as a TV conference application program or a TV phone application program, is executed in response to the operation of the image sensing apparatus (101-104) and may be stored in the hard disk (24) of the computer (201-204) or stored in a CD-ROM or other media (as stated in column 9, line 55 – column 10, line 5). Also, as stated in column 10 (lines 10-19), in a case where buttons and switches, such as a power switch, a shutter button which has different operation levels (e.g. half-stroke and full-stroke), an automatic focusing button, a white balance button, and a zoom button, are provided in the image sensing apparatus (101-104), it is possible to add a function for initiating an application program by operating one of these buttons and switches or operating these buttons and switches in different combinations. Since each button or switch can initiate an application program, each button or switch, on the image input device (101-104), is

thought of by the Examiner as a separate operation mode, thereby the image input device has a plurality of operation modes.

Furthermore, Fukasaka et al. clearly disclose initiating a plurality of application programs corresponding to a plurality of operation modes; albeit, Fukasaka et al. do not disclose a single software program that initiates a plurality of modes corresponding to the plurality of operation modes.

Since Applicant has not traversed the Examiner's assertion the common knowledge or well-known in the art statement in the respective claim rejections is taken to be admitted prior art. Therefore, **Applicant admits** that providing a single software program that initiates a plurality of modes are well known and expected in the art.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included a single software program that initiates a plurality of modes corresponding to a plurality of functions into the image input system of Fukasaka et al. as a means to increase the efficiency of the image input system thereby reducing wasted user waiting times.

Finally, while Fukasaka et al. disclose a transmitting unit transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other; Fukasaka et al. do not disclose the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off.

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turned off, as claimed.

On the other hand, Endsley et al. also disclose a digital camera connected to a computer and application software in the computer for interacting the camera (see figures 1-3). However, Endsley et al. additionally teach that the camera (22) can be connected to the computer (12) via USB (42) in a case that the power of the camera (22) is turned off (see column 6, lines 40-46), wherein after the camera (22) is powered on (while still connected) communicating with the application software (see figure 3) in the computer (see column 6, lines 5-10). Therefore, Endsley et al. teach the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is

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At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off (as taught by Endsley et al.) in the image input system (disclosed by Fukasaka et al.) for the advantage of improving "the communication of mode information between a host computer and the camera" (see column 1, line 65 – column 2, line 3).

For Claim 49, Fukasaka et al. disclose, as shown in figures 1-4 and as stated in columns 6 (lines 30-58), 7 (lines 1-16), 8 (lines 42-46), 10 (lines 10-20 and 52-58), and 11 (lines 1-5), a storage medium (hard disk 24, CD-ROM, or other media) that stores a control program for controlling an image input system, which includes an image input device (image sensing apparatus 101) having a plurality of operation modes (see column 10, lines 10-19) and a

computer (201) having a plurality of software programs (application programs; also see column 10, lines 10 – 19) each corresponding to each of the plurality of operation modes of the image input device ("adding a function for initiating an application" program), said control program comprising:

a code of a transmitting step transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other in a case that said image device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned on (see below for explanation);

a code of a receiving step (expansion board 23) arranged in said computer (201) and adapted to receive the information indicating the operation mode set in said image input device (101); and

a code of a control step adapted to select a software program, which corresponds to the operation mode set in said image input device, from a plurality of software programs and make start the selected software program (see explanation below).

Fukasaka et al. disclose, as stated in column 7 (lines 9 - 12), that an application program is automatically initiated, within the computer (201 - 204), by pressing a shutter button (11) on the image input device (101 - 104) without interfacing with the operator of the image input system. As stated in column 7 (lines 12 - 16), the predetermined application program, such as a TV conference application program or a TV phone application program, is executed in response to the operation of the image sensing apparatus (101 - 104) and may be stored in the hard disk (24) of the computer (201 - 204) or stored in a CD-ROM or other media (as stated in column 9, line 55 - column 10, line 5). Also, as stated in column 10 (lines 10 - 19), in a case where

buttons and switches, such as a power switch, a shutter button which has different operation levels (e.g. half-stroke and full-stroke), an automatic focusing button, a white balance button, and a zoom button, are provided in the image sensing apparatus (101 - 104), it is possible to add a function for initiating an application program by operating one of these buttons and switches or operating these buttons and switches in different combinations. Since each button or switch can initiate an application program, each button or switch, on the image input device (101 - 104), is thought of by the Examiner as a separate operation mode, thereby the image input device has a plurality of operation modes.

However, while Fukasaka et al. disclose a transmitting unit transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other; Fukasaka et al. do not disclose the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off.

On the other hand, Endsley et al. also disclose a digital camera connected to a computer and application software in the computer for interacting the camera (see figures 1-3). However, Endsley et al. additionally teach that the camera (22) can be connected to the computer (12) via USB (42) in a case that the power of the camera (22) is turned off (see column 6, lines 40-46), wherein after the camera (22) is powered on (while still connected) communicating with the application software (see figure 3) in the computer (see column 6, lines 5-10). Therefore, Endsley et al. teach the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image

input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off, as claimed.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off (as taught by Endsley et al.) in the image input system (disclosed by Fukasaka et al.) for the advantage of improving "the communication of mode information between a host computer and the camera" (see column 1, line 65 – column 2, line 3).

12. For Claim 50, Fukasaka et al. disclose, as shown in figures 1-4 and as stated in columns 6 (lines 30-58), 7 (lines 1-16), 8 (lines 42-46), 10 (lines 10-20 and 52-58), and 11 (lines 1-5), a storage medium (hard disk 24, CD-ROM, or other media) that stores a control program for controlling an image input system, which includes an image input device (image sensing apparatus 101) having a plurality of operation modes (see column 10, lines 10-19) and a computer (201) having a plurality of software programs (application programs; also see column 10, lines 10-19) each corresponding to each of the plurality of operation modes of the image input device ("adding a function for initiating an application" program), said control program comprising:

a code of a transmitting step that transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other in a case that said image device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned on (see below for explanation);

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a code of a receiving step (expansion board 23) arranged in said computer (201) and adapted to receive the information indicating the operation mode set in said image input device (101); and

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a code of a control step adapted to select a software program, which corresponds to the operation mode set in said image input device, from a plurality of software programs and make start the selected software program (see explanation below).

Fukasaka et al. disclose, as stated in column 7 (lines 9 - 12), that an application program is automatically initiated, within the computer (201 - 204), by pressing a shutter button (11) on the image input device (101 - 104) without interfacing with the operator of the image input system. As stated in column 7 (lines 12 - 16), the predetermined application program, such as a TV conference application program or a TV phone application program, is executed in response to the operation of the image sensing apparatus (101 - 104) and may be stored in the hard disk (24) of the computer (201 - 204) or stored in a CD-ROM or other media (as stated in column 9, line 55 - column 10, line 5). Also, as stated in column 10 (lines 10 - 19), in a case where buttons and switches, such as a power switch, a shutter button which has different operation levels (e.g., half-stroke and full-stroke), an automatic focusing button, a white balance button, and a zoom button, are provided in the image sensing apparatus (101 - 104), it is possible to add a function for initiating an application program by operating one of these buttons and switches or operating these buttons and switches in different combinations. Since each button or switch can initiate an application program, each button or switch, on the image input device (101 - 104), is thought of by the Examiner as a separate operation mode, thereby the image input device has a plurality of operation modes.

Furthermore, Fukasaka et al. clearly disclose initiating a plurality of application programs corresponding to a plurality of operation modes; albeit, Fukasaka et al. do not disclose a single software program that initiates a plurality of modes corresponding to the plurality of operation modes.

Since Applicant has not traversed the Examiner's assertion the common knowledge or well-known in the art statement in the respective claim rejections is taken to be admitted prior art. Therefore, **Applicant admits** that providing a single software program that initiates a plurality of modes are well known and expected in the art.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included a single software program that initiates a plurality of modes corresponding to a plurality of functions into the image input system of Fukasaka et al. as a means to increase the efficiency of the image input system thereby reducing wasted user waiting times.

Finally, while Fukasaka et al. disclose a transmitting unit transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other; Fukasaka et al. do not disclose the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off.

On the other hand, Endsley et al. also disclose a digital camera connected to a computer and application software in the computer for interacting the camera (see figures 1-3). However, Endsley et al. additionally teach that the camera (22) can be connected to the computer

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(12) via USB (42) in a case that the power of the camera (22) is turned off (see column 6, lines 40 – 46), wherein after the camera (22) is powered on (while still connected) communicating with the application software (see figure 3) in the computer (see column 6, lines 5 – 10). Therefore, Endsley et al. teach the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off, as claimed.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off (as taught by Endsley et al.) in the image input system (disclosed by Fukasaka et al.) for the advantage of improving "the communication of mode information between a host computer and the camera" (see column 1, line 65 – column 2, line 3).

13. For Claim 51, Fukasaka et al. disclose, as shown in figures 1-4 and as stated in columns 6 (lines 30-58), 7 (lines 1-16), 8 (lines 42-46), 10 (lines 10-20 and 52-58), and 11 (lines 1-5), a program product (hard disk 24, CD-ROM, or other media) that comprises a control program for controlling an image input system, which includes an image input device (image sensing apparatus 101) having a plurality of operation modes (see column 10, lines 10-19) and a computer (201) having a plurality of software programs (application programs; also see column 10, lines 10-19) each corresponding to each of the plurality of operation modes of the image

input device ("adding a function for initiating an application" program), said control program comprising:

a code of a transmitting step that transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other in a case that said image device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned on (see below for explanation);

a code of a receiving step (expansion board 23) arranged in said computer (201) and adapted to receive the information indicating the operation mode set in said image input device (101); and

a code of a control step adapted to select a software program, which corresponds to the operation mode set in said image input device, from a plurality of software programs and make start the selected software program (see explanation below).

Fukasaka et al. disclose, as stated in column 7 (lines 9 - 12), that an application program is automatically initiated, within the computer (201 - 204), by pressing a shutter button (11) on the image input device (101 - 104) without interfacing with the operator of the image input system. As stated in column 7 (lines 12 - 16), the predetermined application program, such as a TV conference application program or a TV phone application program, is executed in response to the operation of the image sensing apparatus (101 - 104) and may be stored in the hard disk (24) of the computer (201 - 204) or stored in a CD-ROM or other media (as stated in column 9, line 55 - column 10, line 5). Also, as stated in column 10 (lines 10 - 19), in a case where buttons and switches, such as a power switch, a shutter button which has different operation levels (e.g. half-stroke and full-stroke), an automatic focusing button, a white balance button, and

a zoom button, are provided in the image sensing apparatus (101 - 104), it is possible to add a function for initiating an application program by operating one of these buttons and switches or operating these buttons and switches in different combinations. Since each button or switch can initiate an application program, each button or switch, on the image input device (101 - 104), is thought of by the Examiner as a separate operation mode, thereby the image input device has a plurality of operation modes.

However, while Fukasaka et al. disclose a transmitting unit transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other; Fukasaka et al. do not disclose the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off.

On the other hand, Endsley et al. also disclose a digital camera connected to a computer and application software in the computer for interacting the camera (see figures 1-3). However, Endsley et al. additionally teach that the camera (22) can be connected to the computer (12) via USB (42) in a case that the power of the camera (22) is turned off (see column 6, lines 40-46), wherein after the camera (22) is powered on (while still connected) communicating with the application software (see figure 3) in the computer (see column 6, lines 5-10). Therefore, Endsley et al. teach the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off, as claimed.

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At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off (as taught by Endsley et al.) in the image input system (disclosed by Fukasaka et al.) for the advantage of improving "the communication of mode information between a host computer and the camera" (see column 1, line 65 – column 2, line 3).

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14. For Claim 52, Fukasaka et al. disclose, as shown in figures 1-4 and as stated in columns 6 (lines 30-58), 7 (lines 1-16), 8 (lines 42-46), 10 (lines 10-20 and 52-58), and 11 (lines 1-5), a program product (hard disk 24, CD-ROM, or other media) that comprises a control program for controlling an image input system, which includes an image input device (image sensing apparatus 101) having a plurality of operation modes (see column 10, lines 10-19) and a computer (201) having a plurality of software programs (application programs; also see column 10, lines 10-19) each corresponding to each of the plurality of operation modes of the image input device ("adding a function for initiating an application" program), said control program comprising:

a code of a transmitting step that transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other in a case that said image device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned on (see below for explanation);

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a code of a receiving step (expansion board 23) arranged in said computer (201) and adapted to receive the information indicating the operation mode set in said image input device (101); and

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a code of a control step adapted to select a software program, which corresponds to the operation mode set in said image input device, from a plurality of software programs and make start the selected software program (see explanation below).

Fukasaka et al. disclose, as stated in column 7 (lines 9 - 12), that an application program is automatically initiated, within the computer (201 - 204), by pressing a shutter button (11) on the image input device (101 - 104) without interfacing with the operator of the image input system. As stated in column 7 (lines 12 - 16), the predetermined application program, such as a TV conference application program or a TV phone application program, is executed in response to the operation of the image sensing apparatus (101 - 104) and may be stored in the hard disk (24) of the computer (201 - 204) or stored in a CD-ROM or other media (as stated in column 9, line 55 - column 10, line 5). Also, as stated in column 10 (lines 10 - 19), in a case where buttons and switches, such as a power switch, a shutter button which has different operation levels (e.g. half-stroke and full-stroke), an automatic focusing button, a white balance button, and a zoom button, are provided in the image sensing apparatus (101 - 104), it is possible to add a function for initiating an application program by operating one of these buttons and switches or operating these buttons and switches in different combinations. Since each button or switch can initiate an application program, each button or switch, on the image input device (101 - 104), is thought of by the Examiner as a separate operation mode, thereby the image input device has a plurality of operation modes.

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Furthermore, Fukasaka et al. clearly disclose initiating a plurality of application programs corresponding to a plurality of operation modes; albeit, Fukasaka et al. do not disclose a single software program that initiates a plurality of modes corresponding to the plurality of operation modes.

Since Applicant has not traversed the Examiner's assertion the common knowledge or well-known in the art statement in the respective claim rejections is taken to be admitted prior art. Therefore, **Applicant admits** that providing a single software program that initiates a plurality of modes are well known and expected in the art.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included a single software program that initiates a plurality of modes corresponding to a plurality of functions into the image input system of Fukasaka et al. as a means to increase the efficiency of the image input system thereby reducing wasted user waiting times.

Finally, while Fukasaka et al. disclose a transmitting unit transmits information indicating an operation mode in said image input device to said computer when said image input device and said computer are connected with each other; Fukasaka et al. do not disclose the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off.

On the other hand, Endsley et al. also disclose a digital camera connected to a computer and application software in the computer for interacting the camera (see figures 1-3). However, Endsley et al. additionally teach that the camera (22) can be connected to the computer

(12) via USB (42) in a case that the power of the camera (22) is turned off (see column 6, lines 40 – 46), wherein after the camera (22) is powered on (while still connected) communicating with the application software (see figure 3) in the computer (see column 6, lines 5 – 10). Therefore, Endsley et al. teach the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off, as claimed.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included the above-transmitting when the power of said image input device is turned on after said image input device is connected to said computer in a case that said image input device is connected to said computer in a state that the power of said image input device is turned off (as taught by Endsley et al.) in the image input system (disclosed by Fukasaka et al.) for the advantage of improving "the communication of mode information between a host computer and the camera" (see column 1, line 65 – column 2, line 3).

- 15. <u>Claims 29, 39, 32, and 42</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fukasaka et al. in view of Endsley et al. in further view of Norris (US 5,864,411).
- 16. As for Claims 29 and 39, Fukasaka et al. disclose, as stated in column 10 (lines 10 19), an image input device having a plurality of operation modes, wherein buttons and switches such as a power switch, a shutter button which has different operation levels (e.g. half-stroke and full-stroke), an automatic focusing button, a white balance button, and a zoom button correspond to the plurality of operation modes, and a computer having a plurality of software programs,

wherein the computer selects and starts at least a software program corresponding to an operation mode in response to the operation of the buttons and switches.

While Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.) disclose selecting a software program from a plurality of software programs in a computer in response to the selection of an operation mode from a plurality of operation modes in an image input device and more specifically, an image sensing mode in the image input device and image sensing software in the computer, Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.) does not disclose an image playback mode in the image input device and image playback software in the computer.

On the other hand, Norris also discloses an image input system. More specifically, Norris discloses, as shown in figures 1 and 4A and as a stated in column 7 (lines 46 - 61), an image input device (12) and a computer system (18) wherein the image input device (12) has an image playback mode and the computer (18) has image browsing software (the album function 76).

As stated in column 1 (lines 26 - 52) of Norris, at the time the invention was made it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included an image input device (12) with an image playback mode and a computer (18) with image browsing software (76), as taught by Norris, in the image input system, disclosed by Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.), for the advantage of providing a user of the system with tools to create an electronic photograph album.

17. As for Claims 32 and 42, Fukasaka et al. disclose, as stated in column 10 (lines 10 - 19), an image input device having a plurality of operation modes, wherein buttons and switches such as a power switch, a shutter button which has different operation levels (e.g. half-stroke and full-

stroke), an automatic focusing button, a white balance button, and a zoom button correspond to the plurality of operation modes, and a computer having a plurality of software programs, wherein the computer selects and starts at least a software program corresponding to an operation mode in response to the operation of the buttons and switches.

While Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.) disclose selecting a software program from a plurality of software programs in a computer in response to the selection of an operation mode from a plurality of operation modes in an image input device and more specifically, an image sensing mode in the image input device and image sensing software in the computer, Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.) does not disclose an image playback mode in the image input device and image playback software in the computer.

On the other hand, Norris also discloses an image input system. More specifically, Norris discloses, as shown in figures 1 and 4A and as a stated in column 7 (lines 46 - 61), an image input device (12) and a computer system (18) wherein the image input device (12) has a slideshow playback mode and the computer (18) has slideshow playback software (the slideshow function 74) that automatically displays the loaded images on a screen (36).

As stated in column 1 (lines 26 – 52) of Norris, at the time the invention was made it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included an image input device (12) with an slideshow playback mode and a computer (18) with slideshow playback software (76), as taught by Norris, in the image input system, disclosed by Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.), for the advantage of allowing a user of the system to systematically view all the loaded images so as to thoroughly select images for printing and/or permanent storage.

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18. <u>Claims 31 and 41</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fukasaka et al. in view of Endsley et al. in further view Driscoll, Jr. et al. (US 6,542,184 B1).

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19. As for Claims 31 and 41, Fukasaka et al. disclose, as stated in column 10 (lines 10 - 19), an image input device having a plurality of operation modes, wherein buttons and switches such as a power switch, a shutter button which has different operation levels (e.g. half-stroke and full-stroke), an automatic focusing button, a white balance button, and a zoom button correspond to the plurality of operation modes, and a computer having a plurality of software programs, wherein the computer selects and starts at least a software program corresponding to an operation mode in response to the operation of the buttons and switches.

While Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.) disclose selecting a software program from a plurality of software programs in a computer in response to the selection of an operation mode from a plurality of operation modes in an image input device and more specifically, an image sensing mode in the image input device and image sensing software in the computer, Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.) does not disclose an image playback mode in the image input device and image playback software in the computer.

On the other hand, Driscoll, Jr. et al. also disclose an image input system. More specifically, Driscoll, Jr. et al. disclose, as shown in figures 11C and 13A and as a stated in column 10 (lines 32 – 47), an image input device (1205) and a computer system (1200) wherein the image input device (1205) has a panoramic image sensing mode and the computer (1200) has panoramic image sensing generation software for synthesizing loaded images.

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As stated in column 1 (lines 28 – 37) of Driscoll, Jr. et al., at the time the invention was made it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to have included an image input device (1205) with an panoramic image sensing mode and a computer (1200) with panoramic image sensing software, as taught by Driscoll, Jr. et al., in the image input system, disclosed by Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.), for the advantage of providing a user of the system with an increased field of view so as to allow the user to choose the viewing direction of the image.

- 20. <u>Claims 33 35 and 43 45</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fukasaka et al. in view of Endsley et al. in further view of Mamiya (US 6,690,415 B1).
- 21. As for Claims 33 and 43, while Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.) disclose that the image input device (101) and computer (201) are connected and a communication between each other is established, wherein, in the computer, a software program is selected and started in response to an operation mode selection, in the image input device, Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.) does not disclose wherein when said image input device and said computer are disconnected in a state that said image input device and said computer are connected with each other and the software program corresponding to the operation mode of said image input device is operating, said control unit keeps the software program operating.

On the other hand, Mamiya also discloses an image input device and a computer. More specifically, as shown in figures 1, Mamiya discloses, "a state that image input device (110) and computer (120) are connected with each other". Furthermore, Mamiya discloses, as shown in

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figures 1 and 3a, when a freeze operation (Step S308) wherein in a freeze process moving images are no longer transmitted to the computer (see column 4, lines 6 – 33) such that the computer can store a still image (see figure 3b); however, the software program (application software) has not terminated and is still operating (the software terminates in Step S309). The Examiner interprets the freeze process (Step S308) as corresponding to "disconnected in a state that image input device (110) and computer (120) are connected with each other". Therefore, Mamiya teaches wherein when said image input device and said computer are disconnected in a state that said image input device and said computer are connected with each other and the software program corresponding to the operation mode of said image input device is operating, said control unit keeps the software program operating.

As stated in column 6 (lines 30 – 40), at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to keep the software program operating when the image input device and computer are disconnected in a state that said image input device and said computer are connected with each other, as taught by Mamiya, in the image input system, disclosed by Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.), for the advantage of allowing a user to perform the same function of taking a still image by using either the image input device or the computer.

22. As for Claims 34 and 44, while Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.) disclose that the image input device (101) and computer (201) are connected and a communication between each other is established, wherein, in the computer, a software program is selected and started in response to an operation mode selection, in the image input device, Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.) does not disclose wherein when said image input device and said

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computer are disconnected in a state that said image input device and said computer are connected with each other and the software program corresponding to the operation mode of said image input device is operating, said control unit terminates an operation of the software program.

On the other hand, Mamiya also discloses an image input device and a computer. More specifically, as shown in figures 1, Mamiya discloses, "a state that image input device (110) and computer (120) are connected with each other". Furthermore, Mamiya discloses, as shown in figures 1 and 3a, when a release button (118) in the image input device is not depressed, the device driver software terminates. The Examiner interprets the release flag not being set (No result in Step S302) as corresponding to "disconnected in a state that image input device (110) and computer (120) are connected with each other". Therefore, Mamiya teaches wherein when said image input device and said computer are disconnected in a state that said image input device and said computer are connected with each other and the software program corresponding to the operation mode of said image input device is operating, said control unit terminates an operation of the software program.

As stated in column 6 (lines 30 – 40), at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to keep the software program operating when the image input device and computer are disconnected in a state that said image input device and said computer are connected with each other, as taught by Mamiya, in the image input system, disclosed by Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.), for the advantage of allowing a user to perform the same function of taking a still image by using either the image input device or the computer.

23. As for Claims 35 and 45, while Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.) disclose that the image input device (101) and computer (201) are connected and a communication between each other is established, wherein, in the computer, a software program is selected and started in response to an operation mode selection, in the image input device, Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.) does not disclose wherein when said image input device and said computer are disconnected in a state that said image input device and said computer are connected with each other and the software program corresponding to the operation mode of said image input device is operating, said control unit keeps the software program operating or the software is terminated.

On the other hand, Mamiya also discloses an image input device and a computer. More specifically, as shown in figures 1, Mamiya discloses, "a state that image input device (110) and computer (120) are connected with each other". Furthermore, Mamiya discloses, as shown in figures 1 and 3a, when a release button (118) in the image input device is not depressed, the device driver software terminates. The Examiner interprets the release flag not being set (No result in Step S302) as corresponding to "disconnected in a state that image input device (110) and computer (120) are connected with each other". Therefore, Mamiya teaches wherein when said image input device and said computer are disconnected in a state that said image input device and said computer are connected with each other and the software program corresponding to the operation mode of said image input device is operating, said control unit terminates an operation of the software program.

As stated in column 6 (lines 30-40), at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to keep the software program operating or

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terminates the software when the image input device and computer are disconnected in a state that said image input device and said computer are connected with each other, as taught by Mamiya, in the image input system, disclosed by Fukasaka et al. (as modified by Endsley et al.), for the advantage of allowing a user to perform the same function of taking a still image by using either the image input device or the computer.

Conclusion

24. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

25. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Justin P Misleh whose telephone number is 571.272.7313. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM.

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If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Vivek Srivastava can be reached on 571.272.7304. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571.273.3000.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JPM October 27, 2006

> VIVEK SRIVASTAVA SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600